# Scope of the Problem

- Costs of vaccine preventable diseases in the US are significant:
- Influenza: \$87B/yr, 3,000-49,000 deaths/season
- Herpes Zoster: One million cases/year
- Pneumococcus: 40,000 cases and 4,000 deaths/year
- Vaccination rates in the United States are below Healthy People 2020 goals

#### Background

A quality improvement project to work on interventions to improve immunization rates in adults which could be reproduced in other family medicine offices.

- part of the "Adult Immunization" **Office Champions Project**", by the American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP), supported by a cooperative agreement with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- Lehigh Valley Physician Group (LVPG) Family Medicine–Cetronia **Road** – selected as one of 25 family medicine practices and residencies in the United States to participate in the pilot phase.

#### Methods

- Team identified: Physician Champion – Madalyn Schaefgen, MD, FAAFP Nurse Champion – Barbara A. Sikora, LPN Data Analyst – Donna Wendling
- Definitions for Inclusion in the study:
- LVPG FM at Cetronia for 3 years Aug. 2016 (baseline), Aug. 2017 and Aug. 2018.
- Patients those seen in the practice at least twice during the measurement year and who were within the age range at the time of the evaluation.

#### **Practice Improvement Plan**

- and pharmaceutical immunization specialist
- immunizations (schedule and safety)
- insurance coverage
- documentation

#### • Patient education at every visit

- STRONG recommendations by ALL staff
- immunizations outside of the office
- CDC handout on reasons to immunize if refusing the immunization Information on after visit summaries to notify us if getting
- general and targeted letters regarding need for immunizations posters in waiting room advertising the benefits of vaccine

# **Raising Adult Immunization Rates**

Madalyn Schaefgen, MD, FAAFP, Barbara A. Sikora, LPN, Donna Wendling Lehigh Valley Physician Group Family Medicine–Cetronia Road, Allentown, Pa.

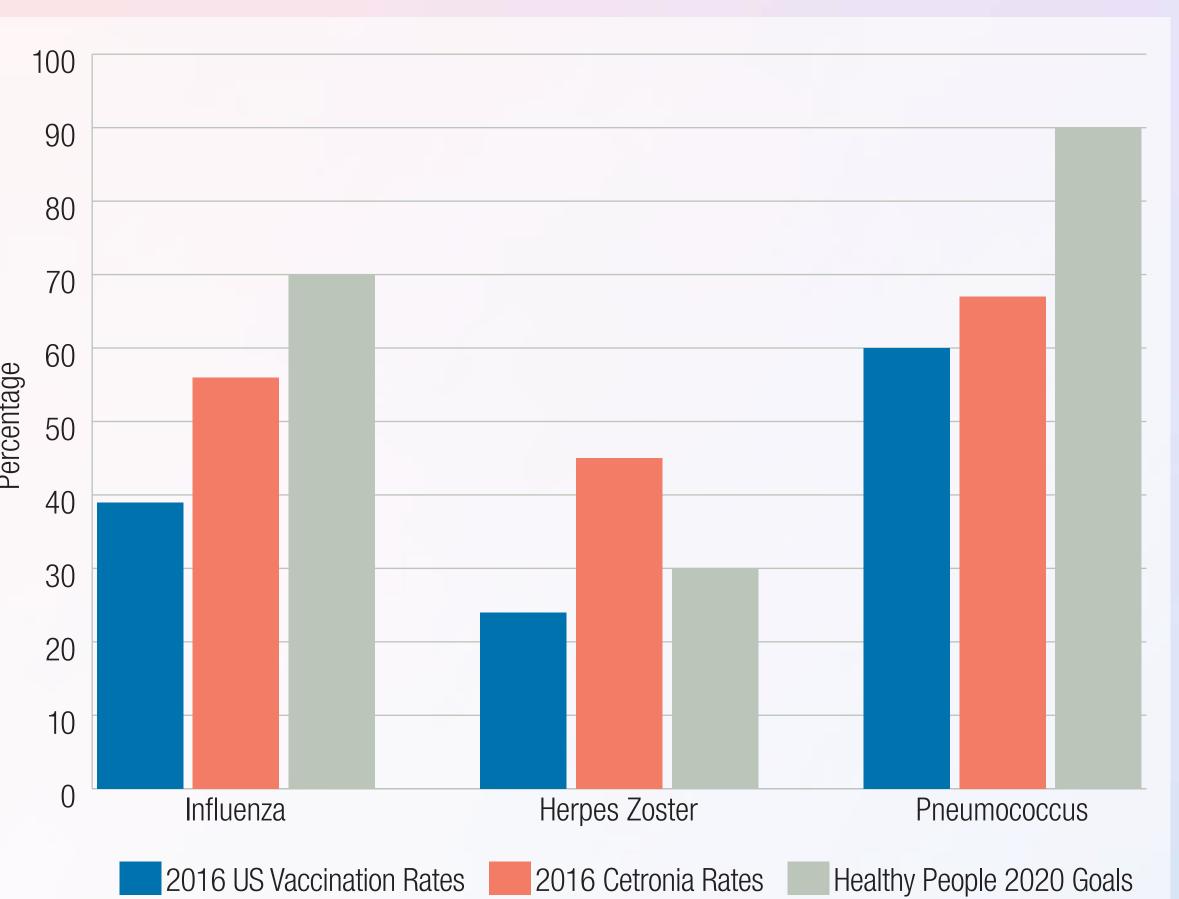
• Staff education – met Sept. 2016 and Aug. 2017 with champions

- health maintenance
- quick texts
- standing orders
- STRONG recommendations

- Data demographics and vaccination rates for vaccines PCV13 (>= 66 years), PPSV23 (>= 66 years), Influenza (>= 19 years)and Zostavax (>=61 years), and for Aug. 2018 added Shingrix (ages 51-60 years and >=61).
- June 2016 pre-planning —
- Practice Survey of staff regarding immunizations noted need for education.
- Met with other 24 practices and CDC to review surveys, current and best practices
- Met with local hospital Information Systems regarding data analysis and linking with the State Immunization Registry
- Access performed vaccine counts weekly with pre-visit planning
- Influenza vaccine still ran out early 2/13/2017 and 2/5/2018
- Shingrix approved by ACIP 10/25/2017 No further Zostavax given and no Shingrix available until 5/2018, (and limited thereafter)
- Increase documentation of data outside of the office –
- Worked with Information Systems and others to get information from hospital run flu clinics and bidirectional flow from State Immunization Registry (SIIS)
- Enlisted pharmacies to place information into SIIS
- Incentives to increase rates —
- Monthly prizes given to staff during first year most scheduled, most increased rate
- Sent reminder letters to patients deficient in vaccines (leveraging EMR)
- Encouraged use of standing orders with every visit
- Gave monthly feedback to clinicians and staff on performance rates

Asked patients to notify us of vaccines given outside of the office.





# **2016 Baseline Adult Vaccination Rates**

# **Cetronia Vaccination Rates 2016-2018**



Chipariy	
Shingrix 51-60	
17–18	

#### Challenges

- Documentation of vaccines given outside of the office – improving
- Bidirectional SIIS starting daily in Sep 2019
- Immunizations coming in through EMR from outside sources
- Hospital flu clinics now automatic
- New zoster vaccine demand far exceeding supply, recommended over older vaccine, resulting in decreasing immunization rates
- Office mergers with differing immunization rates, differing office procedures
- Significant staff turnover

# Lessons Learned

- Increased vaccination rates occurred with
- Making strong recommendations
- Offering the vaccine at every eligible visit
- Using standing orders
- State Immunization Registries need to be more robust.
- Memory is short need to reinforce behavior trequently
- Change is inevitable you cannot always predict new vaccines, staff and provider turnover. Expect the unexpected and start all over again!

#### REFERENCES

<sup>1</sup>2.5 years of patient data from the practice at LVPG FM–Cetronia Road, Allentown, PA 181032) Healthy People 2020 Goals, including data from 2015-2016 influenza and 2016 pneumococcal and zoster rateshttps://www.healthypeople.gov/2020/ topics-objectives/topic/immunization-and-infectious-diseases/objectives3) Adult Vaccination Resources https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/adults/index.html

Lehigh Valley Health Network

